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No. of license.	Establishments.	Products.
17	Lederle Antitoxin Laboratories, New York City.	Diphtheria antitoxin, antistreptococcal serum, antitetanic serum, suspension of lactic acid bacilli, vaccine virus, and antityphoid vaccine.
18	Burroughs, Wellcome & Co., London, England.	Diphtheria antitoxin, antigenococcal serum, antidysenteric serum, anticolon bacillus serum, antistaphylococcal serum, antistreptococcal serum, antityphoid serum, tuberculins, and bacterial vaccines.
19	Memorial Institute for Infectious Diseases, Chicago, Ill.	Diphtheria antitoxin.
21	Swiss Serum and Vaccine Institute, Berne, Switzerland.	Diphtheria antitoxin, antidysenteric serum, antimeningococcal serum, antipneumonic serum, antiplague serum, antistreptococcal serum, tuberculins, anti-cholera vaccine, antiplague vaccine, antityphoid vaccine, and antitetanic serum.
22	Institut Bacteriologique Lyon, Lyons, France.	Antidiphtheric serum and normal goat serum.
23	Bacterio Therapeutic Laboratory, Asheville, N. C.	Tuberculins.
24	Farwerke, vormals Meister Lucius und Brüning, Hoechst-on-Main, Germany.	Diphtheria antitoxin, antidysenteric serum, antimeningococcal serum, antipneumonic serum, antistreptococcal serum, antitetanic serum, and tuberculins.
25	Tuberculin Society of St. Petersburg, St. Petersburg, Russia.	Tuberculinum purum.
27	Institut Pasteur de Lille, Lille, France.	Serum antivenimeux.
28	Bacteriologisches Institut Lingner, Dresden, Germany.	Pyocyanase.
29	The Behringwerk, Marburg, Germany.	Antitetanic serum and tuberculin.
30	Dr. G. H. Sherman, Detroit, Mich.	Bacterial vaccines.
31	E. Merck, Darmstadt, Germany.	Antidiphtheric serum, antimeningococcal serum, antipneumonic serum, antistreptococcal serum, normal horse serum (dried), and normal horse serum.
32	Kalle & Co., Biebrich, Germany.	Tuberculin (Rosenbach).
33	American Biologic Co., Kansas City, Mo.	Antirabic virus.
34	The Beraneck Laboratory, Neuchatel, Switzerland.	Tuberculin (Beraneck).
35	Dr. Carl Spengler, Davos-Platz, Switzerland.	I. K. immune blood.

## MUNICIPAL ORDINANCES, RULES, AND REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO PUBLIC HYGIENE.

[Adopted since Jan. 1, 1910.]

COLUMBUS, GA.

### FOODSTUFFS—SANITARY PROTECTION OF.

SECTION 1. That all persons, firms, or corporations, their agents or employees, in charge of or working at meat markets, fish markets, restaurants, bakeries, retail grocery stores, milk depots, where articles of food are kept or sold or offered for sale, shall thoroughly and securely screen all doors, windows, or other openings into such places so as to prevent the ingress of flies or other insects thereto.

SEC. 2. That no article of food, except live articles, such as chickens, ducks, etc., shall be kept on the outside of any retail store, market, restaurant, bakery, milk depot, or other place where food is sold or offered for sale, or upon the side walls in front of such places for purpose of display, or for purposes of advertisement, or for any other purpose except to receive and deliver same to and from such place.

SEC. 3. That it shall be unlawful for any person to run or operate any bakery or deal in bread, or any employee of such bakery or dealer in bread to carry or cause to be carried bread, cakes, or pies, or like articles of food through the streets unless transported in fly-proof or dust-proof receptacles.

SEC. 4. All wagons used for transporting bread, cakes, and pies and like articles of food shall be furnished with a fly-proof and dust-proof compartment that shall contain shelves on which the bread shall be placed, and such shelves shall be covered with clean paper and this paper shall be changed at least once every 24 hours. Furthermore, all breads, cakes, pies, and like articles of food offered for sale in grocery stores, bakeries, or other retail distributors of bread, etc., shall be kept in fly-proof and dust-proof show cases or like receptacles.

SEC. 5. That any person, firm, or corporation, their agents or employees, violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall, on conviction thereof in the recorder's

court, be fined not exceeding \$100 for each offense, or sentenced to work on the public works of the city for not exceeding 30 days, either or both in the discretion of the recorder.

SEC. 6. The provisions of this ordinance as to screening articles of food and protecting them from flies shall be effective only during the months of April, May, June, July, August, September, and October. During the months of December, January, February, and March said ordinance shall not be effective nor a violation thereof subject the offender to punishment. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict with this ordinance be and the same are hereby repealed. [Ordinance adopted May 5, 1911.]

**TAUNTON, MASS.**

**MILK—PRODUCTION, SALE, AND CARE.**

REGULATION 13. SECTION 1. Every person, firm, or corporation having a license to sell, deliver, or distribute milk, skimmed milk, or cream in the city of Taunton shall keep the farm or dairy where the milk is produced in a sanitary condition, satisfactory to the board of health. The stock shall be kept clean and healthy; the stable shall be provided with suitable windows that the cows may have plenty of light and air; overcrowding of the cows in the stable or other building must be avoided; the stable and surroundings must be clean and properly drained and manure must not be allowed to accumulate about the stable.

SEC. 2. No milk shall be sold unless it has been strained and cooled immediately after being drawn from the cow. No milk, skimmed milk, or cream shall be strained, aerated, cooled, mixed, bottled, or stored in any portion of a building which is used for the stabling of horses, cows, or other animals, or for the storing of manure, unless such storage room for milk is separated from all other parts of such building to the satisfaction of the board of health; nor in any room used in whole or in part for domestic or sleeping purposes.

Every room in which milk is strained, aerated, cooled, bottled, or stored shall be provided with tight walls and floor and kept constantly clean. No urinal, water-closet, privy vault, or cesspool shall be located in such room; or in a room where the vessels, bottles, or utensils used in the handling of milk are washed, sterilized, or stored; nor shall such urinal, water-closet, privy vault, or cesspool be so situated as to pollute the atmosphere of such storage room for milk, or the well or other source of water supply from which the water is used in washing the milk bottles, cans, vessels, or other utensils.

SEC. 3. All bottles, cans, vessels, or other utensils used in the production, storage, sale, or distribution of milk, skimmed milk, or cream shall be cleaned and sterilized with boiling water or steam before they are again used.

No person shall use a milk bottle or vessel as a container for any other substance than milk, skimmed milk, or cream. Bottles shall not be filled, except at the dairy or creamery.

SEC. 4. No milk, skimmed milk, or cream shall be brought into or carried within the city of Taunton for purposes of sale, which has been carried upon any wagon or vehicle which is not clean and free from offensive odors, or upon which swill, refuse, garbage, or decaying, unwholesome, or filthy matter is carried.

SEC. 5. Every person engaged in the production, storage, transportation, sale, delivery, or distribution of milk, skimmed milk, or cream in this city shall notify the board of health immediately on the occurrence of any case or cases of typhoid fever, diphtheria, scarlet fever, or other infectious or contagious disease, either in himself or his family, or among his employees, or in their immediate associates, or within the building where milk, skimmed milk, or cream is stored, sold, or distributed, and, at the same time, shall suspend the sale or distribution of milk, skimmed milk, or cream until authorized to resume the same by the board of health.

SEC. 6. No bottles or other containers left with any family in which there exists a case of typhoid fever, scarlet fever, or diphtheria shall be removed therefrom, except with the consent of the board of health.

SEC. 7. Milk, skimmed milk, or cream, kept for sale in any store, shop, restaurant, market, bakery, or other establishment shall be stored in a covered cooler, box, or refrigerator, and shall at all times register, on test, a temperature not higher than 50° F. No vessel containing milk, skimmed milk, or cream shall be allowed to stand outside said cooler, box, or refrigerator, except while a sale is being made.

Every such cooler, box, or refrigerator shall be properly drained and cared for; shall be kept tightly closed, except at such intervals as are necessary for the introduction or removal of milk or ice; and shall be kept only in such location and under such conditions as shall be approved by the board of health. [Regulation board of health, adopted March 7, 1910.]